Landslide Generated Tsunami



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What does a fresh landslide scar look like?



Guaitara, Colombia 2003



Lake Uri, Switzerland



Blasting triggered 20'000 m³ of Limestone, 1992

Experimental set-up





- pneumatic landslide generator \diamond controlled initial conditions
- 2 laser distance sensors LDS \diamond slide profiles $\xi(t)$
- 7 capacitance wave gauges CWG \diamond wave profiles $\eta(t)$
- digital particle image velocimetry PIV \diamond velocity vector fields v_p

Slide-Granulate (PP-BaSO₄)



 $d_g = 4 \text{ mm}$ $\rho_g = 2.64 \text{ t/m}^3$ n = 39 % $\rho_s = 1.62 \text{ t/m}^3$ $\phi' = 43^\circ$ $\delta = 24^\circ$



Slide profiles







F = 3.1, $m_s = 108$ kg, h = 450 mm

raw PIV-sequence

Total area of view (AOV) = 1.6 m 0.8 m 2 adjacent AOV's from repeated runs mounted



F = 1.9, $m_s = 108$ kg, h = 450 mm



F = 3.2, V = 0.79, S = 0.31, h = 0.3 m

Georgia

Comparison with wave theory



Observed wave profiles

Recommended ranges after Le Méhauté (1976)



 a_{c}

x





Courtesy: BBC, Horizon "Megatsunami"



Lituya Bay impact and run-up site



530m Tsunami Wave Run-up



3D-Subaerial / Submarine Landslide Tsunami Generator



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Initial Mechanisms of Tsunamigenic Landslides





Shear Band Propagation

Puzrin and Germanovich, GT (2004)



3D Landslide Tsunami Experiments at OSU-NEES facility









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